

40098

Patent Application

of

AXEL SCHULTE

for

FLOOR CARPET INSTALLING SYSTEM

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(Signature)
9/14/04

Field Of The Invention

The present invention relates to a floor carpet installation system with a carpet forming the usable surface with its nap side, a loopless material glued together with the floor surface, as well as an anchoring means which has protruding interlocking elements on both sides. The interlocking elements interlock with the backside of the carpet formed of a loopless material opposite the nap side on one side, and interlock with the loopless material on the floor surface on its opposite side.

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Background Of The Invention

A floor carpet installation system is disclosed in FR 2 282 999

A. In this conventional system, strips are provided and aligned on the carpet edges as anchoring means. Both sides of the strips have protruding interlocking elements in the form of bristles inclined relative to the carpet plane. These bristles are inclined on one side and on the other side in turn in opposite directions from one another. This opposing inclination of the bristles, with the interlocking with the loopless backside of the carpet and with the loopless material of the carpet fastened to the floor, is intended to prevent sliding along the carpet plane. However, this type of anchoring does not guarantee a sufficiently secure connection. Thus, it can lead to the formation of buckling and displacement during use. Especially under greater stresses, for example by sliding of heavy pieces of furniture, the danger of great damage can exist.

Summary Of The Invention

Objects of the present invention are to provide a floor carpet installation system which is characterized by comparably improved properties of use.

With the floor carpet installation system, these objects are attained by the present invention in that a micro-adhesive closing

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element is provided as the anchoring means. The anchoring means has interlocking elements configured in the form of fingers with thicknesses at their ends. The interlocking elements include different shapes and/or dimensions and/or different reciprocal distances from one another on both sides of the adhesive closing element.

The anchoring provided according to the present invention by a double-sided micro-adhesive closing element having interlocking elements arranged on both sides in the form of fingers with thicknesses at their ends, interlocks on each side in turn with a loopless material and leads to several advantages. On the one hand, this type of interlocking yields a particularly secure connection against the relative movements along the carpet plane. On the other hand, since in this arrangement the adhesive closing element is not adhered directly with the floor surface, but rather is interlocked with a likewise loopless material fastened to the floor surface, the present invention avoids the danger that shrinkage or displacements occurring following the hardening or aging process of the finish of the floor could lead to a detachment of the anchoring.

The loopless material on the floor surface forms a compensation layer having a certain flexibility to compensate for the shrinkage or displacements. In addition, this layer fixed to the floor surface also causes footstep-sound-absorption.

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Another advantage results from the selection of the dimensions and the shape and/or selection of the number of interlocking elements per surface unit. The degree of interlocking effect on both sides of the adhesive closing element can be selected in a suitable manner by such selection. Thus, for example, the adhesive effect on the bottom of the adhesive closing element turned toward the floor finish can be selected to be more powerful than the adhesive effect against the loopless material on the backside of the carpet. With lifting of the carpet, which with interlocking with loopless material of the carpet backside is possible by overcoming the adhesive force therebetween, the adhesive closing element in this case remains interlocked with the floor-side loopless material, so that following lifting of the carpet a renewed installation is possible without further processes.

A micro-adhesive closing element configured similar to that element is disclosed in DE 196 46 318 A1 and is suitable for the installation system according to the present invention. However, that micro-adhesive closing element nonetheless differs from the element of the present invention in that the front side and the backside of the carrier of the present invention only are constructed with corresponding interlocking elements.

According to the make-up of the carpet to be installed, in other words according to the structure of the backside, a micro-adhesive

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closing with a thickness of the carrier of the interlocking elements of 0.1 to 0.5 mm and with 20 to 600 interlocking elements per cm² can be used on each side.

The thicknesses of the fingers of the interlocking elements can have the shape of mushroom heads or plate-shaped heads. The heads are preferably provided with concave depressions on the top sides. One method for the especially simple manufacture of micro-adhesive closing elements with such interlocking elements in a one-side arrangement is suggested in the German patent application 198 28 856.5.

With use of interlocking elements having depressions on the tops of the heads, the depressions of the heads can be provided with an adhesive providing an additional connection with the backside of the carpet and/or the floor-side material. The adhesive can be applied, for example, by scraping on.

Textile materials in the form of felts or fleeces, or else loose leno weave or flat knit, as well as non-woven textiles can be provided as backside of the carpet and as the loopless material glued with the floor.

Other objects, advantages and salient features of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description,

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which, taken in conjunction with the annexed drawings, discloses a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

Referring to the drawings which form a part of this disclosure:

Fig. 1 is a diagrammatically simplified, partial side elevational view in section of the components of the floor carpet installation system according to the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a perspective, greatly enlarged view of a double-sided micro-adhesive closing element of the floor carpet system of Fig. 1, with one individual interlocking element illustrated in an enlarged side elevational view in section; and

Fig. 3 is a partial plan view in substantially actual scale of a loopless backside of the carpet of Fig. 1.

Detailed Description Of The Invention

Fig. 1 is an enlarged, diagrammatic simplified representation in cross section of a floor carpet with nap elements 1 of the traditional type. Nap elements 1 extend upward from a connection layer 3, and form the nap side of the carpet serving as its usable surface. The backside 5, opposite the nap side, is formed by a loopless material. For this purpose, materials could be used lending the carpet structure

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a certain rigidity, directional alignment stability and tear resistance. Therefore, felt or fleece could be used, obtaining their mechanical composition by the tufting method, and are adhered to connection layer 3 of the carpet. Also, loose leno weave or flat knit and other so-called non-woven materials are suitable for backside 5.

Fig. 2 shows a section of a strip of a micro-adhesive closing element 7, similar to that disclosed in DE 196 46 318 A1. The thermoplastic strip (for example, polyolefines or blends of polyamides) is formed in the gap between top and bottom shaping tools, and forms a foil-like carrier 9 with fingers 11 protruding from its top and bottom, respectively. Fingers 11 protrude from the top of carrier 9, have thickened ends forming mushroom-shaped or plate-shaped heads 13, and come into interlocking engagement with the loopless material of backside 5 of carpet. The fingers directly engage the carpet backside. According to the mechanical construction and quality of the structure of backside 5 of the relevant carpet, the arrangement of fingers 11 has a packing density of approximately 20 to 600 fingers 11 per cm², with a thickness of carrier 9 of approximately 0.1 to 0.5 mm. Other packing densities and/or thicknesses of carrier 9 can of course be used according to the special circumstances. Such fingers are also on the bottom of carrier 9.

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As can be recognized, particularly from the sectional representation shown greatly enlarged in Fig. 2, the thickened heads 13 of fingers 11 are formed into mushroom- or plate-shapes with concave arcuate tops. Within the edge of each head 13, a depression 15 is formed.

With the example shown in Fig. 2, the depression 15 of head 13 is filled with an adhesive 17. This can be applied by spreading on or scraping on, in order to produce an additional connection following the interlocking engagement with backside 5 of the relevant carpet or the floor loopless material. Adhesives on acrylate base can be used as the adhesive material, for example, 2-ethyl hexyl acrylate or butyl acrylate, preferably in different selected mixture ratios, in order to vary the plasticizing, plasticity and adhesive power as desired and as required.

With wall-to-wall installation of carpets, adhesive closings 7 can be provided in the form of long strips or bands. With installation of the carpet in tile-like or flagstone-like form, shorter, strip sections adapted in a suitable manner to the individual tile parts can be provided.

While one embodiment has been chosen to illustrate the invention, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various

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changes and modifications can be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention as defined in the appended claims.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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Patent Application
of

(MARK-UP VERSION)

AXEL SCHULTE

(1)

~~PCT report, new version of application~~
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Field of the Invention
presentFloor Carpet Installation System

The invention relates to a floor carpet installation system with a carpet forming the usable surface with its nap side, a loopless material glued together with the floor surface, as well as an

anchoring means which has protruding interlocking elements on both sides, ^{The interlocking elements} which on the one ^{on one side} hand interlock with the backside of the carpet formed of a loopless material opposite the nap side, ^{on its opposite side} and on the other hand interlock with the loopless material on the floor surface.

Background of the Invention

A floor carpet installation system of this type is ^{disclosed in} already known from FR 2 282 999 A. In the case ^{is} of this known ^{conventional} system, strips are provided ^{and} aligned on the carpet edges as anchoring means, which ^{of the strips} on both sides have protruding interlocking elements in the form of bristles inclined relative to the carpet plane, whereby these bristles are inclined on one side and on the other side in turn in opposite directions from one another. This opposing inclination of the bristles, with the interlocking with the loopless backside of the carpet and with the loopless material of the carpet fastened to the floor, is intended

~~Floor Carpet Installation System~~

~~The invention relates to a floor carpet installation system comprising a carpet forming the useable surface with its front side and an anchoring means that can be fixed to the floor, the anchoring means having upwardly protuberant interlocking elements which come into interlocking engagement with the backside of the carpet opposite the nap side.~~

~~A floor carpet installation system of this type is already known from EP 0 321 978 B1. With the known system the backside of the carpet incorporates loop elements protruding out over the make-up of the material, with which come into engagement hooks found on the anchoring means which can be fastened to the floor.~~

~~This type of anchoring of the carpet to the floor incorporates inadequacies. As has been shown, the cooperation of the hooks and the free loops found on the carpet backside prevent a lifting of the carpet, but this type of anchoring still does not provide sufficiently secure connection for the prevention of sliding along the carpet plane. Thus during use it can lead to formation of buckling and displacements, and especially with higher stresses, for example with sliding of heavy pieces of furniture, there exists the danger of great damage.~~

~~The object of the invention is to disclose a floor carpet installation system which guarantees a comparatively improved anchoring between carpet and floor.~~

~~With a floor carpet installation system of the aforementioned type this object according to the invention is attained in that the backside of the carpet turned toward the anchoring means is formed by a loopless material and that a micro-adhesive closing with anchoring elements in the~~

~~form of fingers with thicknesses at their ends is provided as anchoring means, wherein the thicknesses at the ends of the fingers interlock with the loopless backside of the carpet.~~

~~The cooperation of a micro-adhesive closing having anchoring elements in the form of fingers with thicknesses at their ends with a loopless carpet backside leads to an especially rigid connection when considered in terms of the relative movements along the carpet plane, but also, with overcoming of the holding force, facilitates a lifting of the carpet without tearing of the anchoring means or of their interlocking elements, which under certain conditions represents an additional advantage, for example because following the execution of an intended lifting, a re-anchoring is possible without further procedures. In view of the fact that longitudinal sliding is definitely prevented, no danger exists of bulges or displacements occurring, even with stronger stresses.~~

~~A micro-adhesive closing which is particularly suitable for the system according to the invention is known from DE 196 46 318 A1. According to the make-up of the material of the carpet to be installed, in other words according to the structure of the backside, a micro-adhesive closing with a thickness of the carrier of the interlocking elements of 0.1 to 0.5 mm and with 20 to 600 interlocking elements per cm² can be used.~~

~~The thicknesses of the fingers of the interlocking elements can have the shape of mushroom heads or plate-shaped heads, whereby the heads are preferably provided on their tops with concave depressions. A method for particularly simple manufacture of micro-adhesive closings with such interlocking elements is suggested in German patent application 198 28 856 5.~~

~~With use of interlocking elements having depressions on the tops of their heads, the depressions on the heads can be provided with an adhesive allowing for an additional connection with the~~

~~backside of the carpet, for example by scraping the adhesive on the heads.~~

~~Textile materials in the form of felts or fleeces, or else loose breaker fabric or smooth stitches, as well as non-woven textiles, can be provided as backside of the carpet.~~

~~Hereinafter the invention is to be described in greater detail relative to the drawing. Therein can be found:~~

~~Fig. 1 a diagrammatically simplified and broken open cross section of a floor carpet with open nap and loopless backside,~~

~~Fig. 2 a perspective, greatly enlarged view of a microplast-adhesive closing part, whereby one individual interlocking element is represented still larger and in cross section,~~

~~Fig. 3 a view corresponding to that of Fig. 2, whereby depressions on the tops of the heads of the interlocking elements are provided with adhesive, and~~

~~Fig. 4 a broken open plan view in almost natural size of the loopless backside of the carpet of Fig. 1.~~

Fig. 1 shows in enlarged, diagrammatic simplified representation a cross section through a floor carpet with nap elements 1 of the traditional type, which extend upward from a connection layer 3 and which form the nap side of the carpet, serving as the usable surface. The backside 5, opposite the nap side is formed of a loopless material. For this purpose materials can be considered which lend the carpet structure a certain rigidity, directional alignment stability and tear resistance. In this case felt or fleece can be used, which obtain their mechanical composition by the tufting method and are glued with the connection layer 3 of the carpet. Loose breaker fabric or smooth right/left stitches and other so-called non-woven materials are also suitable for this purpose.

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is to prevent sliding along the carpet plane. However, it has been shown that this type of anchoring does not guarantee a sufficiently secure connection. Thus, it can lead to the formation of buckling and displacement during use, and especially under greater stresses, for example by sliding of heavy pieces of furniture, the danger of great damage can exist.

Summary of the invention
The object of the present invention is to disclose a floor carpet installation system which is characterized by comparably improved properties of use.

With the floor carpet installation system of the aforementioned type, this object is attained by the present invention in that a micro-adhesive closing element is provided as an anchoring means, of which the interlocking elements are configured in the form of fingers with thicknesses at their ends, and that the interlocking elements include different shapes and/or dimensions and/or different reciprocal distances from one another on both sides of the adhesive closing element.

The anchoring provided according to the present invention by means of a double-sided micro-adhesive closing, of which the adhesive closing element has interlocking elements arranged on both sides in the form of fingers with thicknesses at their ends, which interlock on each side in turn with a loopless material, leads to several advantages. On the one hand, this type of interlocking yields a particularly secure connection against the relative movements along the carpet plane. On the other hand, since in view of this arrangement the adhesive closing element is not adhered directly with the floor surface, but rather is interlocked with a likewise loopless material fastened to the floor surface, which avoids the danger that shrinkage or displacements occurring following the hardening or aging process of the finish of the floor could lead to a detachment of the anchoring.

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because the loopless material found on the floor surface forms a compensation layer having a certain flexibility. In addition, this layer fixed to the floor surface also causes footstep-sound-absorption.

Another advantage ^{results from the} resides in that by selection of the dimensions and the shape and/or selection of the number of interlocking elements per surface unit, the degree of interlocking effect on both sides of the adhesive closing element can be selected in a suitable ^{by such selection} manner. Thus, for example, the adhesive effect on the bottom of the adhesive closing element turned toward the floor finish can be selected to be more powerful than the adhesive effect against the loopless material on the backside of the carpet. With lifting of the carpet, which with interlocking with loopless material of the carpet backside is possible by overcoming the adhesive force ^{therebetween}, the adhesive closing element in this case remains interlocked with the floor-side loopless material, so that following lifting of the carpet a renewed installation is possible without further processes.

A micro-adhesive closing element which is configured similar to that element which is ^{disclosed} known in DE 196 46 318 A1 is suitable for the installation system according to the ^{present} invention, but ^{However,} that micro-adhesive closing element ^{and} nonetheless differs ^{from the element of the present invention in that the latter} therefrom in that not only on the front side but also on the backside of the carrier are constructed corresponding interlocking elements. ^{with} of the present invention only

According to the make-up of the carpet to be installed, in other words according to the structure of the backside, a micro-adhesive closing with a thickness of the carrier of the interlocking elements of 0.1 to 0.5 mm and with 20 to 600 interlocking elements per cm² can be used on each side.

The thicknesses of the fingers of the interlocking elements can have the shape of mushroom

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heads or plate-shaped heads, whereby the heads are preferably provided with concave depressions on the top sides. One method for the especially simple manufacture of micro-adhesive closing elements with such interlocking elements in ^{one} one-sided arrangement is suggested in the German patent application 198 28 856.5.

With use of interlocking elements which have ^{ing} depressions on the tops of the heads, the depressions of the heads can be provided with an adhesive providing ~~for~~ an additional connection with the backside of the carpet and/or the floor-side material ^{The adhesive can be} applied, for example, by scraping on.

Textile materials in the form of felts or fleeces, or else loose ^{leno weave} ~~weave~~ ^{flat knit} ~~knit~~ ^{the} ~~the~~ ^{breaker fabric or smooth stitches} ~~smooth stitches~~ as well as non-woven textiles can be provided as backside of the carpet and as ^{loopless} ~~loopless~~ material glued with the floor.

Other objects, advantages and salient features of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description, which, taken in conjunction with the annexed drawings, discloses preferred embodiments of the present invention.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

Referring to the drawings which form a part of this disclosure: ^{diagrammatically simplified, partial} ~~Figure 1 is a perspective view in section of the carpet system of the present invention according to a first embodiment of the present invention;~~

- Fig. 2 (A) a perspective, greatly enlarged view of a double-sided micro-adhesive ^{of the floor carpet system of Fig. 1, with} ~~closing element, whereby one individual interlocking element is~~ ^{illustrated in an enlarged side elevation of which} ~~represented as still larger and in cross section; and~~
- Fig. 3 (A) ^{partial} ~~a broken open plan view indicated in almost natural dimensions of a~~ ^{substantially natural scale} ~~loopless backside of the carpet of Fig. 1.~~

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Detailed Description of the Invention

Fig. 1 shows ^{is an} enlarged, diagrammatic simplified representation ⁱⁿ a cross section of a floor carpet with nap elements 1 of the traditional type, ^{nap elements 1} which extend upward from a connection layer 3, and ^{its} which form the nap side of the carpet serving as ^{the} the usable surface. The backside 5, opposite the nap side, is formed by a loopless material. For this purpose, materials could be ^{used} considered which lend ^{the} the carpet structure a certain rigidity, directional alignment stability and tear resistance. Therefore, felt or fleecy could be used, which obtain ^{the} their mechanical composition by the tufting method and are adhered ^{to} with connection layer 3 of the carpet. Also, ^{loopless} loose knicker fabric or ^{that knit} smooth right left stitches and other so-called non-woven materials are ^{used} considered suitable for this purpose ^{back side 5}.

Fig. 2 shows a section of a strip of a micro-adhesive closing element 7 similar to ^{that} such a strip as disclosed in DE 196 46 318 A1. The thermoplastic strip (for example polyolefines or blends of polyamides) ^{is} formed in the gap between a top and a bottom shaping tool ^{S₁ and S₂} forms a foil-like carrier 9 with fingers 11 protruding from its top and bottom ^{respectively} in turn. Fingers 11 protruding from the top of carrier 9, ^{and have} of which the thickened ends form ^{the} mushroom-shaped or plate-shaped heads 13 ^{and} come into interlocking engagement with the loopless material of backside 5 of carpet ^{the fingers} and actually in direct engagement ^{on the back side} with the structure, as is shown in cross section in Fig. 3 in the plan view. According to the mechanical construction and quality of this structure of the back-

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~~Fig. 2 shows a section of a strip of a microplastic adhesive closing 7 as it is disclosed in US 1984B~~
~~318 A1. The thermoplastic (for example polyolefines or blends of polyamides come into~~
~~consideration) strip formed in the gap between a pressure tool and a shaping tool forms a foil-like~~
~~carrier 9 with fingers 11 protruding from its top. According to the mechanical construction and~~
~~quality of the structure of backside 5 of the relevant carpet, the arrangement of fingers 11 has a~~
~~packing density of approximately 20 to 600 fingers 11 per cm², with a thickness of carrier 9 of~~
~~approximately 0.1 to 0.5 mm. Other packing densities and/or thicknesses of carrier 9 can of~~
~~course be considered according to the special circumstances. Such fingers are also~~
on the bottom of carrier 9.

As can be recognized particularly from the sectional representation shown greatly enlarged in Fig. 2, the thickened heads 13 of fingers 11 are formed into mushroom- or plate-shapes with concave arcuate tops. So that within the edge of each head 13 is found a depression 15. As formed

With the example shown in Fig. 3 the depression 15 of head 13 is filled with an adhesive 17. This can be applied by spreading on or scraping on, in order to produce an additional connection following the interlocking engagement with backside 5 of the relevant carpet. or the floorboard material Adhesives on acrylate base can be used as the adhesive material, for example 2-ethyl hexyl acrylate or butyl acrylate, preferably in different selected mixture ratios, in order to vary the plasticizing, plasticity and adhesive power as desired and as required.

With wall-to-wall installation of carpets, adhesive closings 7 can be provided in the form of long strips or bands. With installation of the carpet in tile-like or flagstone-like form, shorter, strip sections adapted in a suitable manner to the individual tile parts can be provided.

While one ~~various~~ embodiments have ~~have~~ been chosen to illustrate the invention, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes and modifications can be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention as defined in the appended claims.

What is claimed is: